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Week ended May 16, 1903.

Number of health certificates issued.....	154
Vessels inspected and issued bills of health.....	20
Crews of vessels inspected, outgoing.....	765
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	353
Pieces of baggage inspected.....	205
Pieces of freight inspected.....	973
Pieces of express inspected.....	27

Mortuary report of Habana, Cuba, for the week ended May 9, 1903.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Tuberculosis.....	23
Pneumonia.....	1
Bronchitis.....	5
Enteric fever.....	1
Enteritis.....	4
Meningitis.....	5
Malarial fever.....	1
Leprosy.....	1
Tetanus.....	1
Cancer.....	1

Total deaths from all causes, 111.

Mortuary report of Habana, Cuba, for week ended May 16, 1903.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Tuberculosis.....	22
Pneumonia.....	4
Bronchitis.....	6
Enteric fever.....	2
Enteritis.....	2
Meningitis.....	3
Tetanus.....	1
Measles.....	1
Erysipelas.....	1
Cancer.....	7
Pernicious fever.....	1
Septic fever.....	2

Total deaths from all causes, 105.

*Smallpox on Spanish steamship Ernesto at Habana from Liverpool—
New barrack to be built at Tricornia.*

The Spanish steamship *Ernesto* arrived from Liverpool on the 16th instant, with the steward ill from smallpox. The case was removed to Las Animas Hospital, and by request of the authorities of the Cuban quarantine service, and as the vessel was bound for a United States port, I disinfected her compartments, with the exception of the hold, on date of arrival.

I have also to report that at a recent meeting of the Cuban cabinet the sum of \$16,000 was appropriated to build a new barrack for the detention of nonimmunes from yellow-fever ports and to make repairs to the other buildings at the Tricornia detention camp.

Report of contagious fever commission on eruptive disease among detained immigrants at Mariel.

Assistant Surgeon Trotter reports, May 19, as follows: Referring to my cablegram of May 15, reporting additional cases of smallpox among the immigrant passengers from the Spanish steamer *Montserrat*,

I have the honor to report that the contagious fever commission proceeded to Mariel on Sunday, May 17, on the revenue-cutter *Marti*, and, by invitation of Dr. Finlay, I accompanied the party. An examination of the cases on arrival showed the papular eruption which about thirty of the immigrants were suffering from to be due to bites of mosquitoes. An interesting point in connection with these cases was that all those who had previously been in Cuba had no fever, while those who were here for the first time each had from a degree to a degree and a half of fever.

The board visited the old fort opposite the quarantine station at Mariel and inspected the same, with the view of establishing a hospital there for the isolation of contagious cases which may develop among the immigrants under detention. The Mariel quarantine station was in a most excellent condition, and reflected credit on the medical officer and attendant in charge.

Reports from Matanzas—Mortality statistics.

Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf reports, May 12 and 18, as follows: During the week ended May 9, 1903, six vessels received bills of health prior to sailing for ports in the United States. Ten deaths were reported, making an annual rate of mortality for the week of 10.83 per 1,000.

The chief causes of death reported were as follows: Tuberculosis 3, enteric fever 1, pleuro-pneumonia 1, tetanus traumatic 1, other causes 4.

No quarantinable disease was reported in this district.

During the week ended May 16, 1903, five vessels bound for ports in the United States received bills of health.

Eighteen deaths were reported during the week, making an annual rate of mortality of 19.50 per 1,000. The chief causes of death reported were as follows: Tuberculosis 4, broncho-pneumonia 1, nephritis 2, uræmia 1, infantile tetanus 1, syphilis 1, other causes 8.

No quarantinable disease was reported in this district.

Reports from Santiago—Mortality statistics—Water supply.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, May 12, as follows: During the week ended May 9, 1903, bills of health were issued to 7 vessels bound for the United States and Porto Rico. No quarantinable disease has been reported.

Mortality statistics for the week ended May 9, 1903.

Causes of death.	Number.
Malaria.....	2
Remittent malarial fever.....	1
Tubercle of lungs.....	2
Syphilis.....	1
Cancer of uterus.....	1
Alcoholism, acute.....	1
Pneumonia.....	1
Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).....	1
Infaret of liver.....	1
Hydrocephalus.....	1
Lack of development.....	1
Congenital debility.....	1
Total.....	14

Annual rate of mortality for the week, 16.9 per 1,000. Estimated population, 45,000.